

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

CALCULUS.

180. Proposed by F. WENNER, Instructor in Physics, Iowa State College.

Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + A \cos^2 y \frac{dy}{dx} + By = 0$$
.

MECHANICS.

169. Proposed by O. W. ANTHONY, Head of Mathematical Department, DeWitt Clinton High School, New York City.

A chain 12 feet long is supported by two pegs in the same horizontal plane 9 feet apart. If it be suddenly liberated from one of the pegs, find the time before the liberated end is directly below the other peg.

AVERAGE AND PROBABILITY.

155. Proposed by E. B. WILSON, Ph. D., Yale University.

The game of craps is played with two dice. If the player throws 7 or 11 on the first throw he wins. If he throws 12, 2, or 3 he loses. If the player throws any other number, that is to say, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, he is obliged to continue throwing until he throws that number again or until he throws 7. If he succeeds in throwing his first throw before he does 7, he wins—otherwise he loses. Required the odds against him. (Note that he can continue throwing indefinitely without getting either his original throw or the 7).

NOTES.

Professor Maxime Böcher has been promoted to a full professorship at Harvard University.

Dr. Alexander Ziwet has been made a full professor of mathematics at the University of Michigan.

Dr. George H. Hallett has been made assistant professor of mathematics at the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. W. H. Bursey and Mr. A. C. Lunn have taken the degree of doctor of philosophy at the University of Chicago.